## Lesson 12 (even problems must be solved in class, odd examples must be solved at home)

Find the derivatives of the following functions:
99. $y=x^{x}$. Ans. $y^{\prime}=x^{x}(\ln x+1)$.
100. $y=x^{\frac{1}{x}}$. Ans. $y^{\prime}=x^{\frac{1}{x}}\left(\frac{1-\ln x}{x^{2}}\right)$.
 103. $y=\left(\frac{x}{n}\right)^{n x} \quad$ Ans. $y^{\prime}=n\left(\frac{x}{n}\right)^{n x}\left(1+\ln \frac{x}{n}\right) . \quad$ 104. $y=x^{\sin x}$. Ans. $y^{\prime}=x^{\sin x}\left(\frac{\sin x}{x}+\ln x \cos x\right) . \quad$ 105. $y=(\sin x)^{x} . \quad$ Ans. $y^{\prime}=(\sin x)^{x} \times$ $\times(\ln \sin x+x \cot x)$ 106. $y=(\sin x)^{\tan x . A n s . ~} y^{\prime}=(\sin x)^{\tan x}\left(1+\sec ^{2} x \ln \sin x\right)$. 107. $y=\tan \frac{1-e^{x}}{1+e^{x}}$. Ans. $y^{\prime}=-\frac{2 e^{x}}{\left(1+e^{x}\right)^{2}} \frac{1}{\cos ^{2} \frac{1-e^{x}}{1+e^{x}}} . \quad$ 108. $y=\sin \sqrt{1-2^{x}}$. Ans. $y^{\prime}=-\frac{\cos \sqrt{1-2^{x}}}{2 \sqrt{1-2^{x}}} 2^{x} \ln 2$. 109. $y=10 x \tan x$. Ans. $y^{\prime}=10 x \tan x \ln 10 x$ $\times\left(\tan x+\frac{x}{\cos ^{2} x}\right)$.

Find the derivatives of the following functions after first taking logarithms of the functions:
110. $y=\sqrt[3]{\frac{x\left(x^{2}+1\right)}{(x-1)^{2}}} . \quad$ Ans. $y^{\prime}=\frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{x\left(x^{2}+1\right)}{(x-1)^{2}}}\left(\frac{1}{x}+\frac{2 x}{x^{2}+1}+\frac{2}{x-1}\right)$.
111. $y=\frac{(x+1)^{3} \sqrt[4]{(x-2)^{2}}}{\sqrt[5]{(x-3)^{2}}}$. Ans. $y^{\prime}=\frac{(x+1)^{3} \sqrt[4]{(x-2)^{3}}}{\sqrt[5]{(x-3)^{2}}}\left(\frac{3}{x+1}+\frac{3}{4(x-2)}-\right.$ $\left.-\frac{2}{5(x-3)}\right) . \quad$ 112. $y=\frac{(x+1)^{2}}{(x+2)^{3}(x+3)^{4}}$. Ans. $\quad y=-\frac{(x+1)\left(5 x^{2}+14 x+5\right)}{(x+2)^{4}(x+3)^{5}}$.
113. $y=\frac{\sqrt[5]{(x-1)^{2}}}{\sqrt[4]{(x-2)^{3}} \sqrt[3]{(x-3)^{2}}}$. Ans. $y^{\prime}=\frac{-161 x^{2}+480 x-271}{60 \sqrt[5]{(x-1)^{3}} \sqrt[4]{(x-2)^{7}} \sqrt[3]{(x-3)^{10}}}$.
114. $y=\frac{x\left(1+x^{2}\right)}{\sqrt{1-x^{2}}}$. Ans. $y^{\prime}=\frac{1+3 x^{2}-2 x^{4}}{\left(1-x^{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \quad$ 115. $y=x^{5}(a+3 x)^{3}(a-2 x)^{2}$.

Ans. $y^{\prime}=5 x^{4}(a+3 x)^{2}(a-2 x)\left(a^{2}+2 a x-12 x^{2}\right)$.

